

Culture et sous-culture de la publication numérique : les nouvelles formes de luttes dans le champ de la production scientifique en Open Access

Open Science Days@UGA

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Professeure en SIC

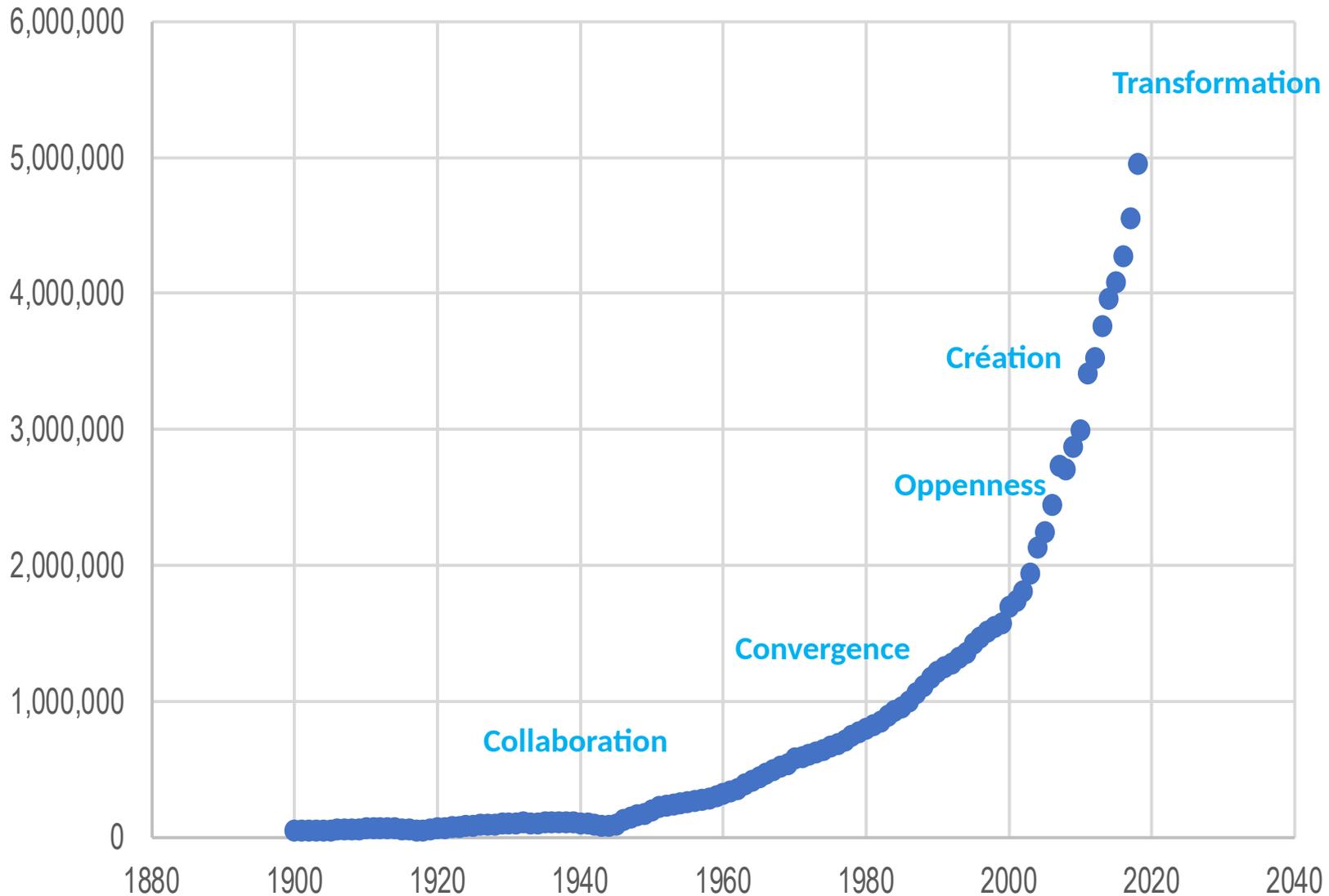
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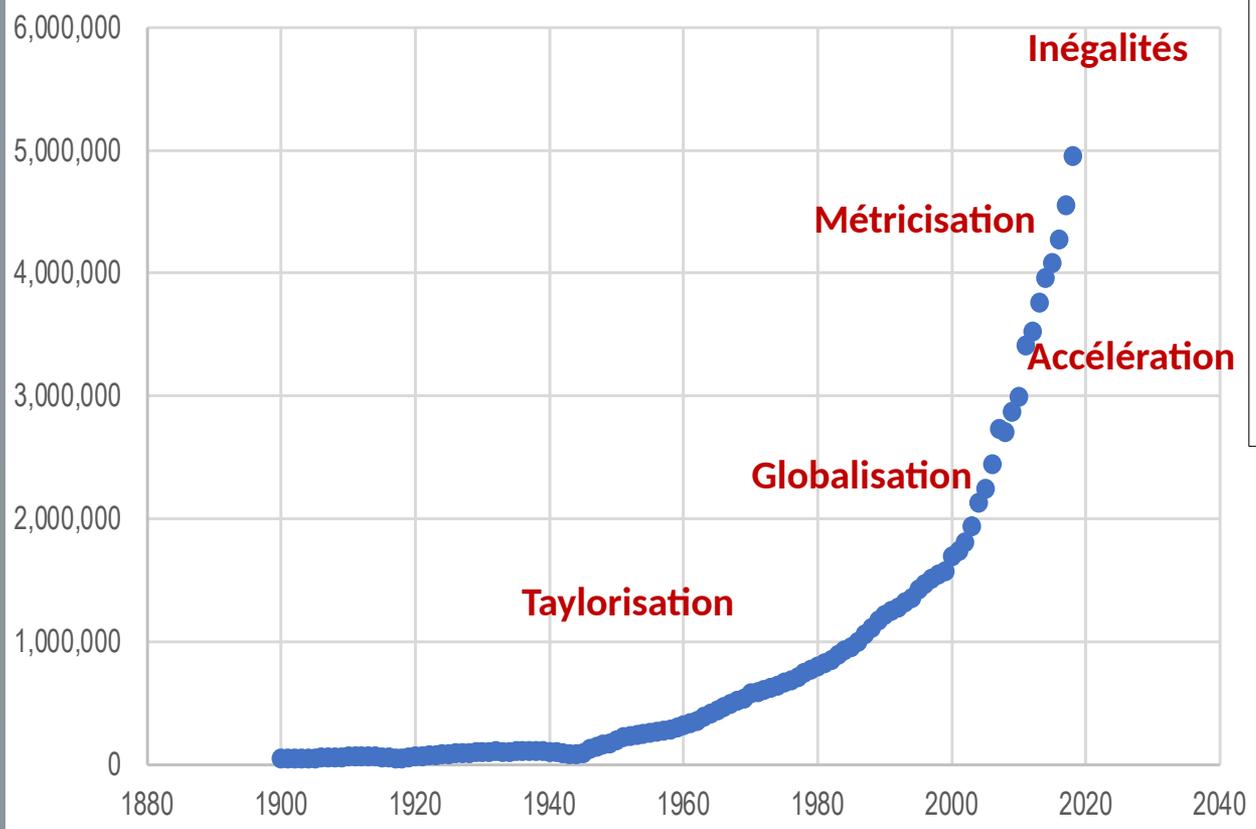
Situer le propos

- **Une analyse concentrée sur le modèle de la revue**
- **Une analyse qui traite de la production**
- **Une analyse davantage fondée sur les revues des domaines STM, quoi que ...**
- **Une analyse au long cours, qui dépasse :**
 - Les approches sectorielles
 - La question des modèles économiques
- **Une analyse qui poursuit des recherches autour de l'industrialisation de la publication scientifique**

Des paradigmes et des régulations



Bigness et les craintes de J. Ravets

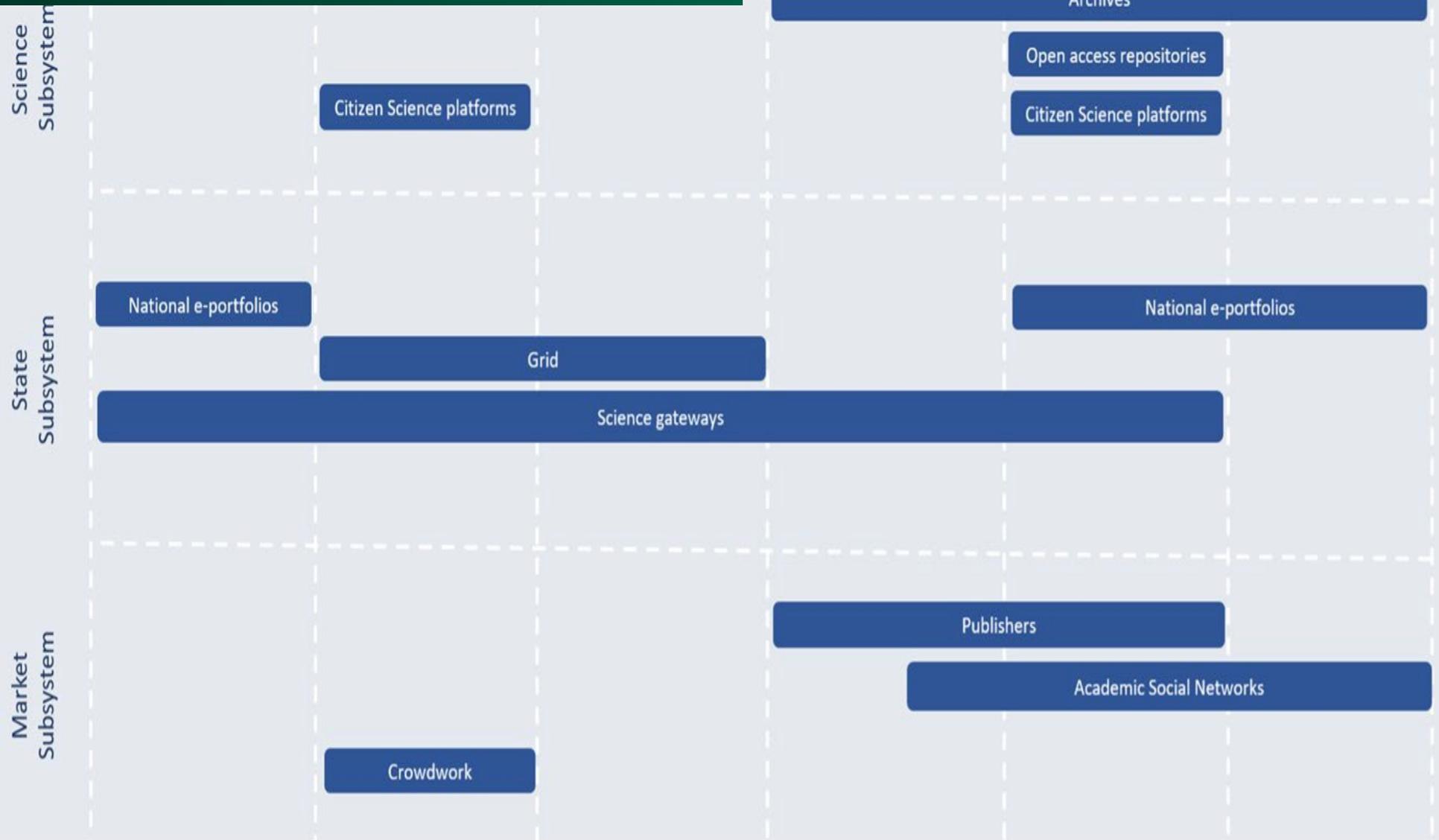


This business of 'publish or perish' has been a catastrophe. People write things which should never have been written and which should never be printed. Nobody's interested. But for them to keep their jobs and get the proper promotion, they've got to do it. It demeans the whole of intellectual life.

— Hannah Arendt, 1972^[7]

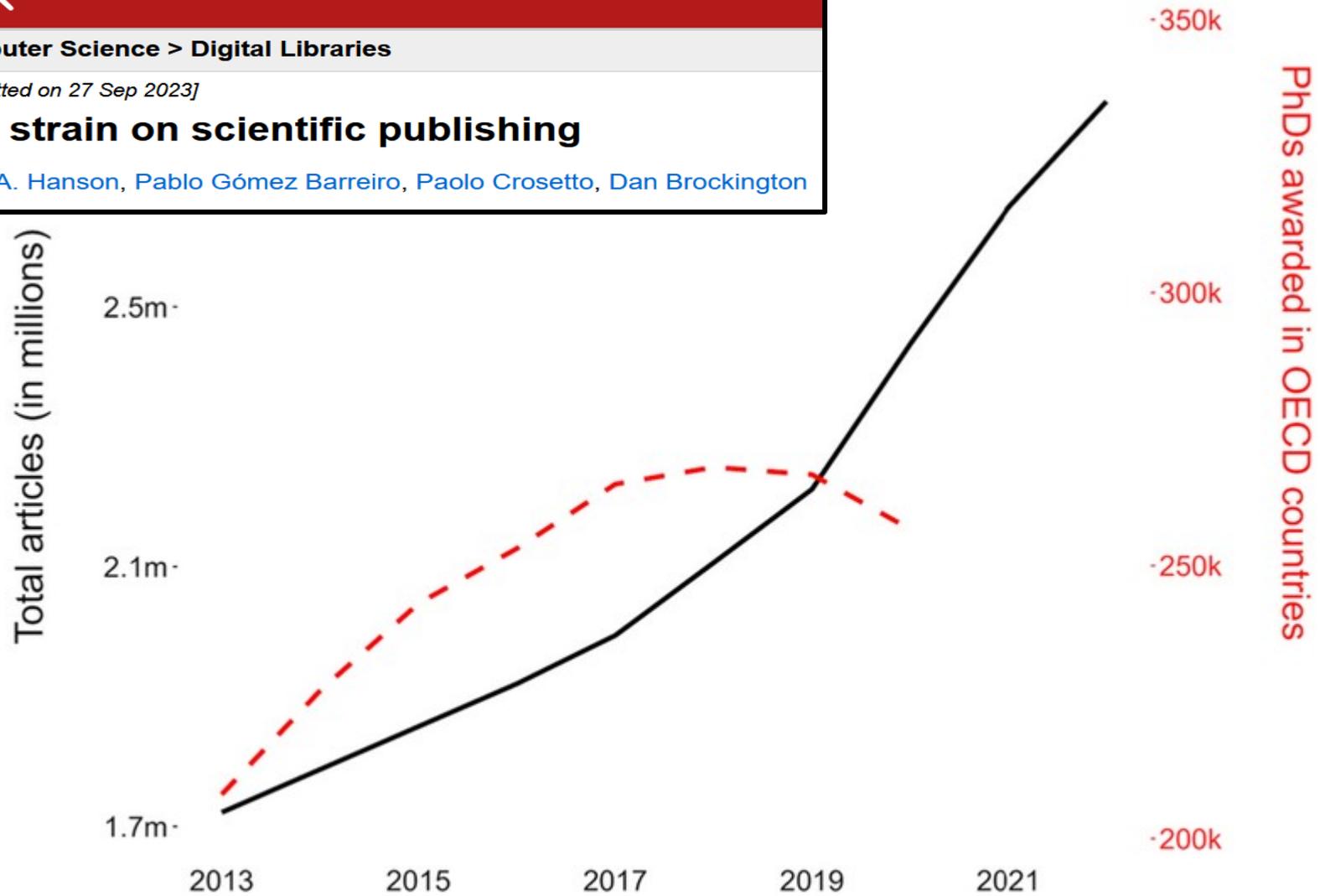
The Platformization of Science: Towards a Scientific Digital Platform Taxonomy

Open access | Published: 28 October 2022 | 61, 1–29 (2023)



The strain on scientific publishing

Mark A. Hanson, Pablo Gómez Barreiro, Paolo Crosetto, Dan Brockington



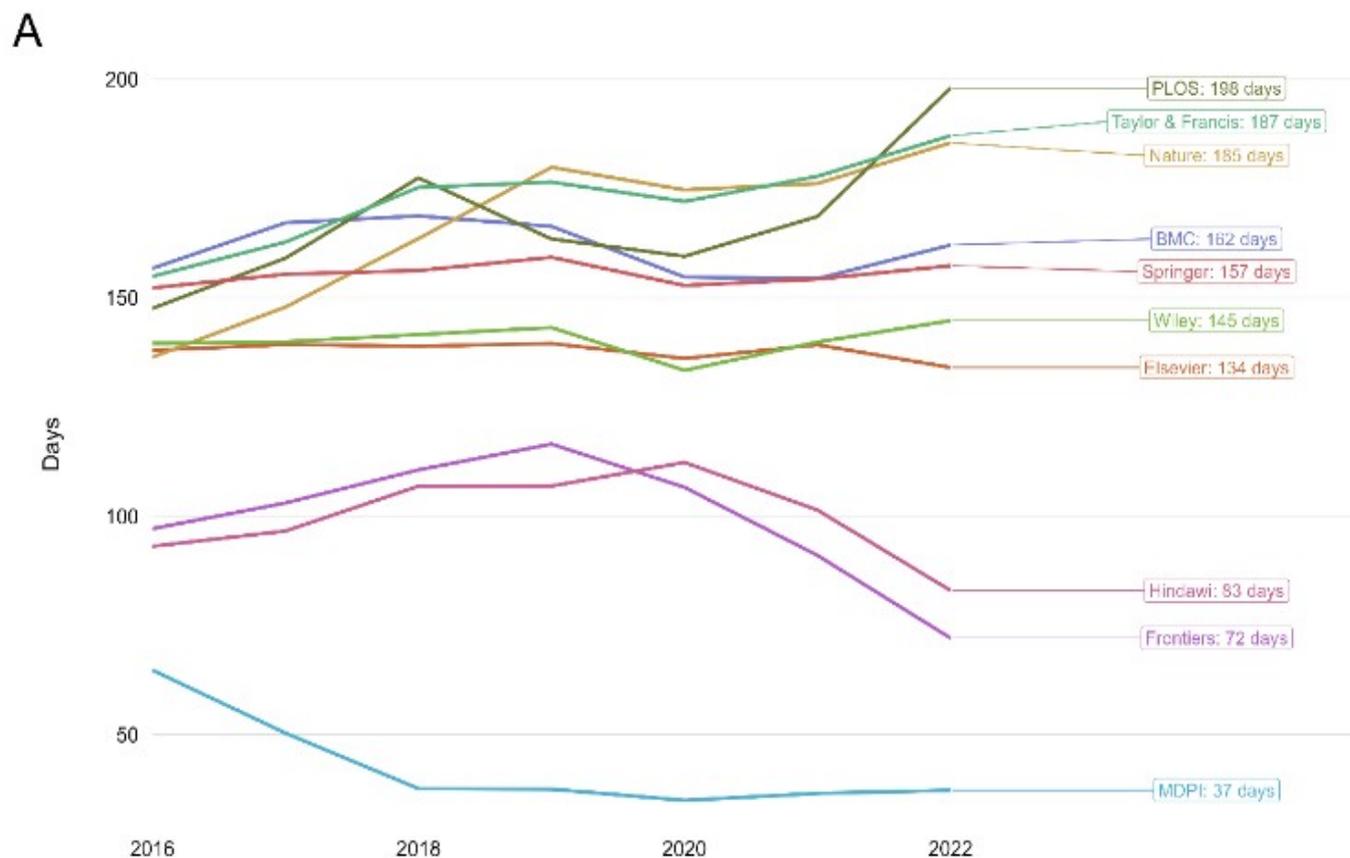
Source: N papers -- Scimago website data; N PhDs - OECD

Fig.1: Growth in indexed articles (solid line) and new PhDs (dotted)

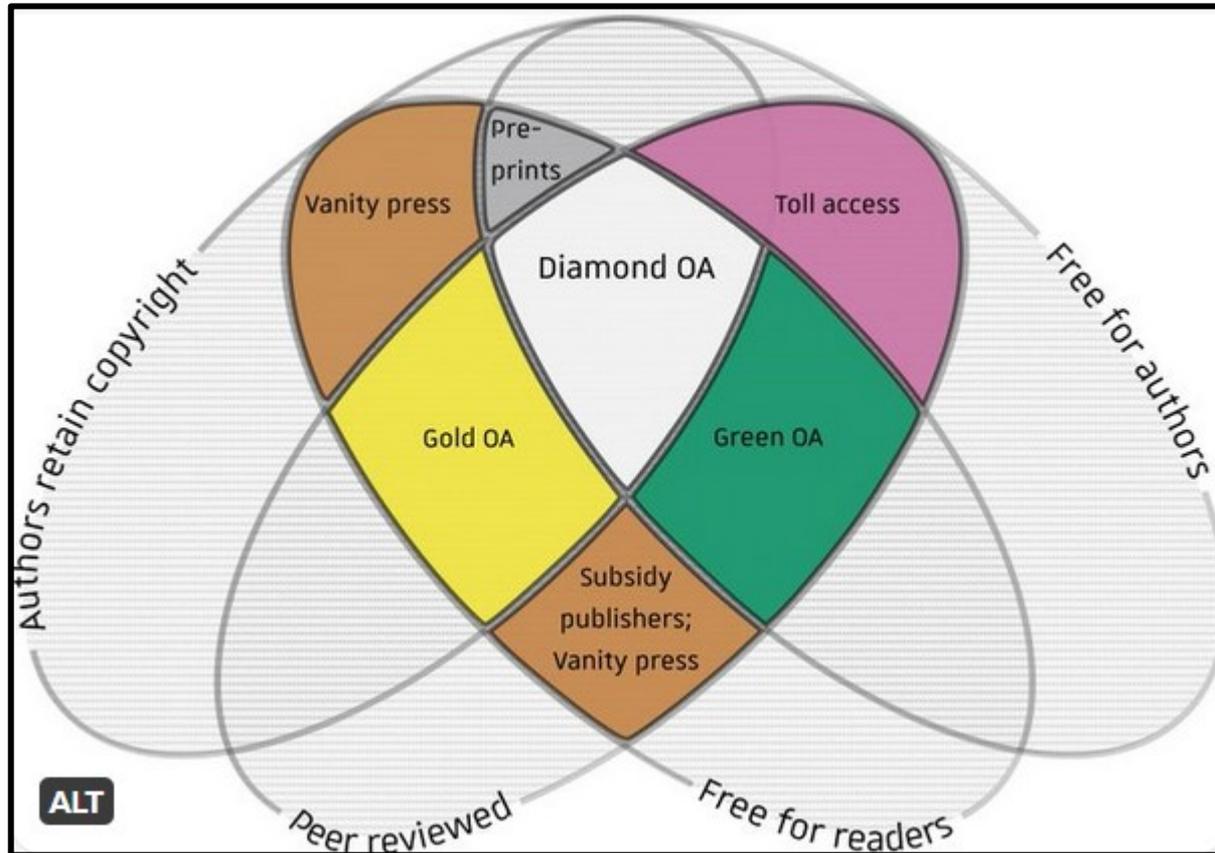
Publisher	Web scraped journals included	Articles with turnaround times [†]	Total journals (Scimago)	Total articles (Scimago) [†]
BMC*	289	344501	213	241493
Elsevier	376	531580	1579	2988422
Frontiers	44	291017	49	329370
Hindawi*	220	226612	161	155396
MDPI	98			
Nature*	144			
PLOS	12			
Springer	1259			
Taylor & Francis	1063			
Wiley	1257			

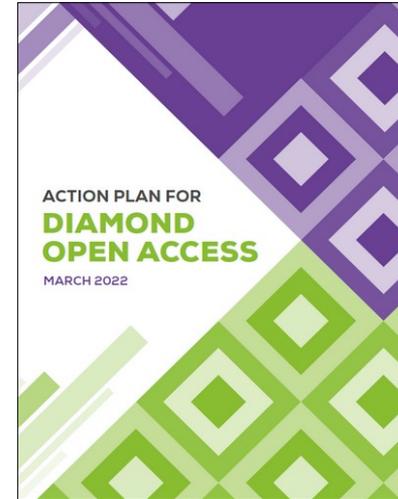
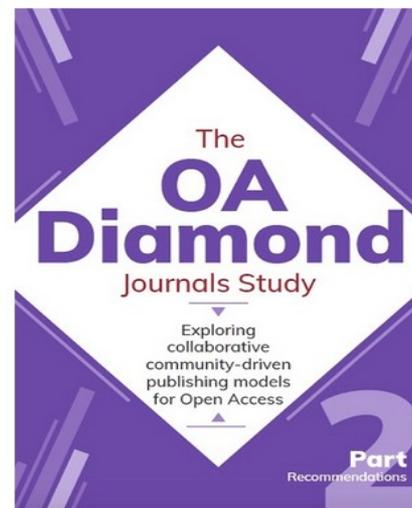
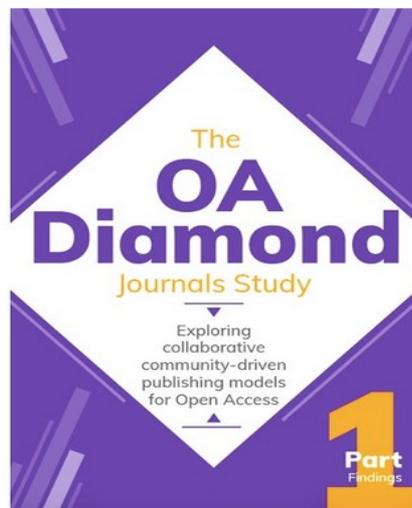
[†] Time period 2016-202

Table 1: summary of web scraped data informing share of special issue articles and turnaround times. For some publishers, the number of web scraped journals or articles with turnaround time data exceeds the totals from our Scimago dataset (noted with *). This is because, in this second dataset, we included all journals by a given publisher, even if they were not indexed, or indexed by only one



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**RUSSIAN SCIENCE CITATION INDEX
JOURNAL LIST**



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Les éditeurs gris



Hindawi



frontiers

Wiley Acquires Hindawi: An Interview with Judy Verses and Liz Ferguson

By ANN MICHAEL | JAN 11, 2021 | 1 COMMENT

Malaysia won't pay for researchers to publish in certain journals

Education ministry will no longer cover the cost of publishing in journals from Frontiers, Hindawi and MDPI

by Dalmeet Singh Chawla, special to C&EN

October 17, 2023 | A version of this story appeared in **Volume 101, Issue 35**



morelli @pierre_morelli · 24 mars



contrefaçon grossière : attention, ceci n'est pas une Ferrari même si la voiture est rouge et que cheval est blanc :-)



16.000 revues et une définition

« *Predatory journals and publishers are entities that prioritize **self-interest** at the expense of scholarship and are **characterized by false or misleading information**, deviation from best editorial and publication practices, **a lack of transparency**, and/or the use of **aggressive and indiscriminate solicitation practices** »
(Grudniewicz, 2019)*

- Fake journals ; hijacked journals (Salim, 2021)
- Rebrandings (Siler, 2021)
- Fake standards: ISSN, DOI, IF, ...
- Cannibalism (McCrostie, 2018)
- Paper mills (Labbé & Cabanac, 2021)
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OMICS, “iconic” predatory publisher

Court Rules in FTC’s Favor Against Predatory Academic Publisher OMICS Group; Imposes \$50.1 Million Judgment against Defendants That Made False Claims and Hid Publishing Fees

COMMENT | 26 October 2021

Predatory publishers’ latest scam: bootlegged and rebranded papers

To thwart publishing rackets that undermine scholars and scholarly publishing, legitimate journals should show their workings.

[Kyle Siler](#) , [Philippe Vincent-Lamarre](#), [Cassidy R. Sugimoto](#) & [Vincent](#)



Exploring authors engagement in journals with questionable practices: a case study of OMICS

FULLTEXT

Published: Aug 25, 2023

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.22452/mjlis.vol28no2.6>

Keywords:
OMICS Predatory journals
Predatory publishing
Predatory publishers

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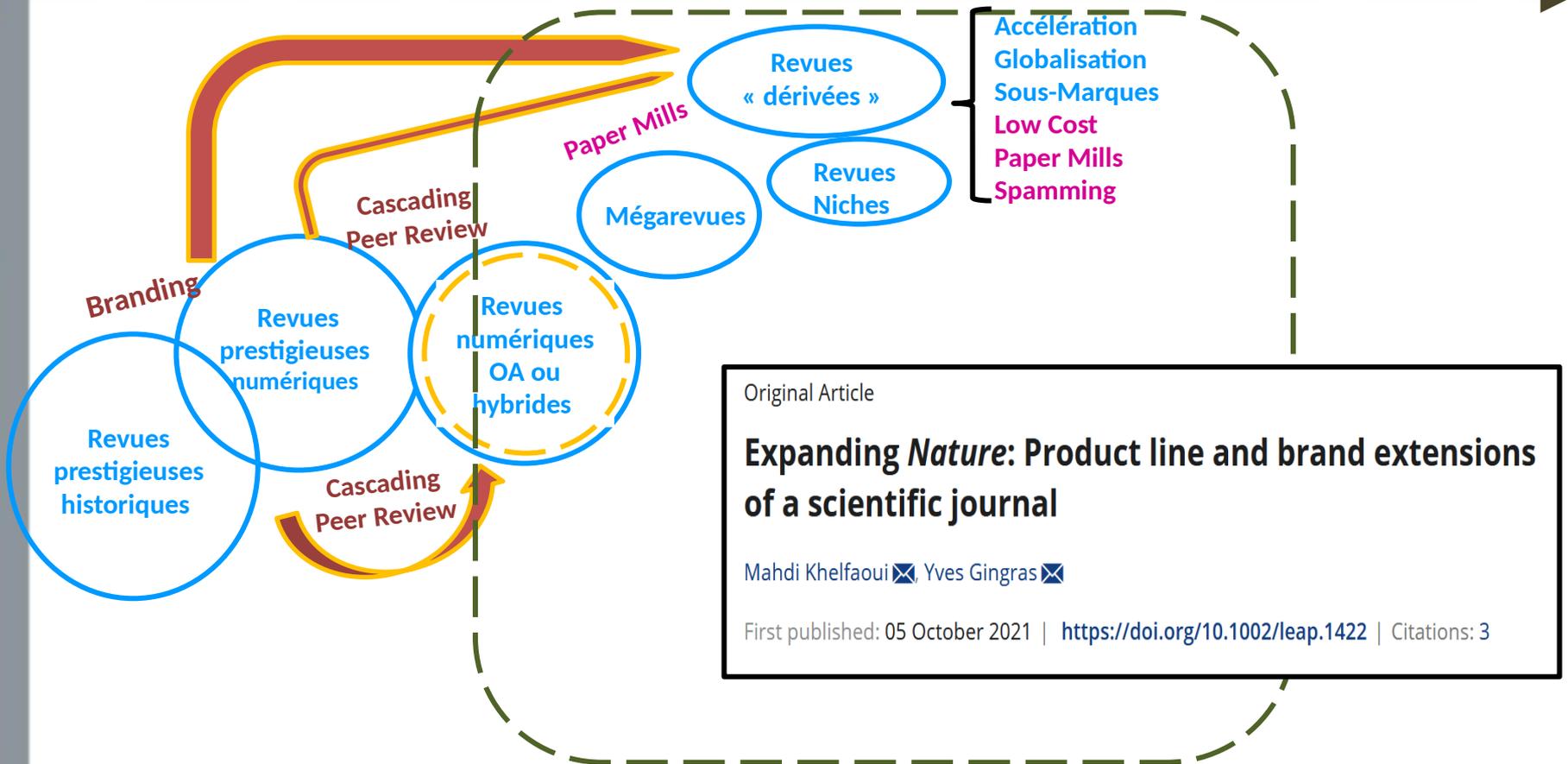
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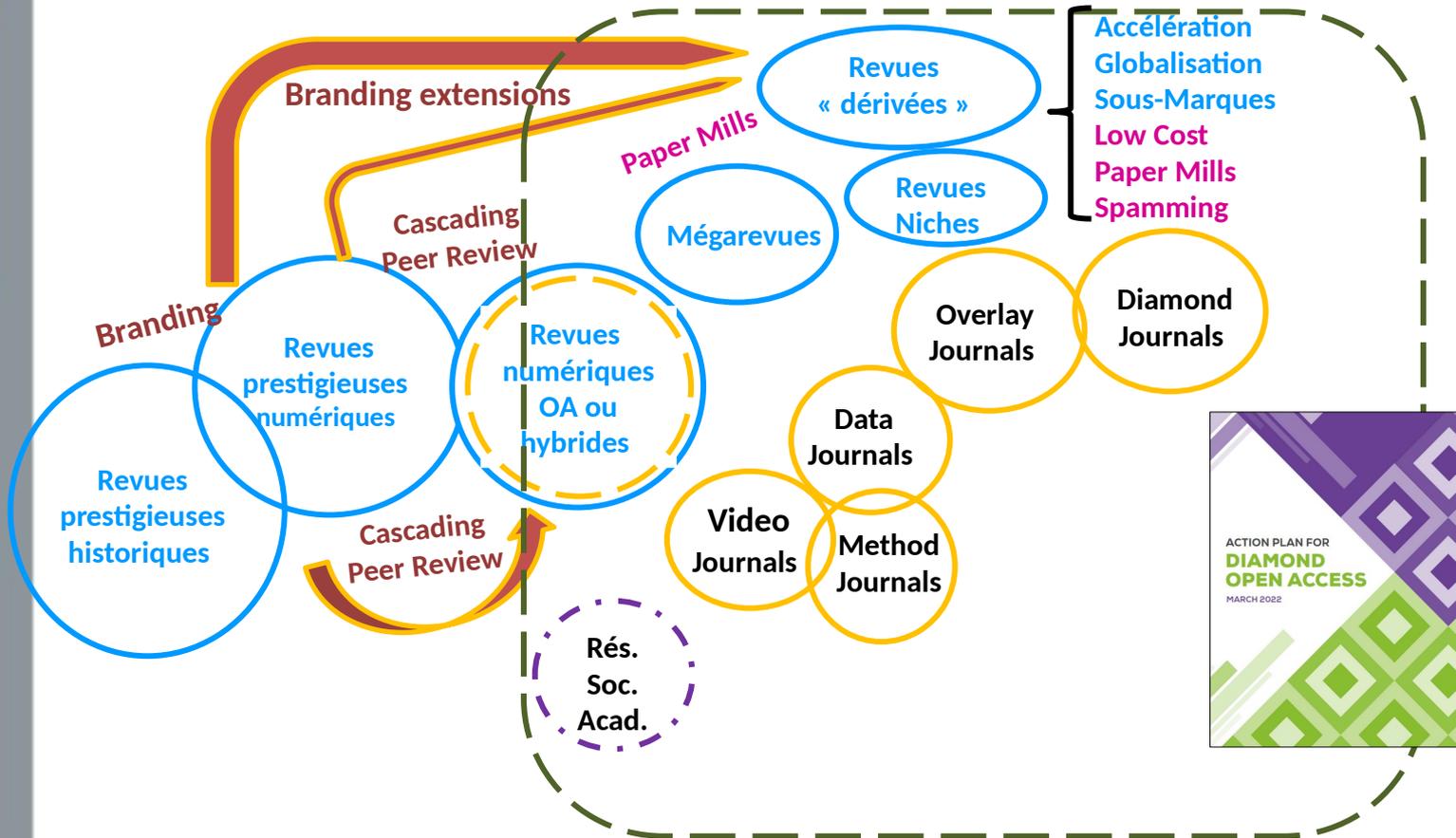
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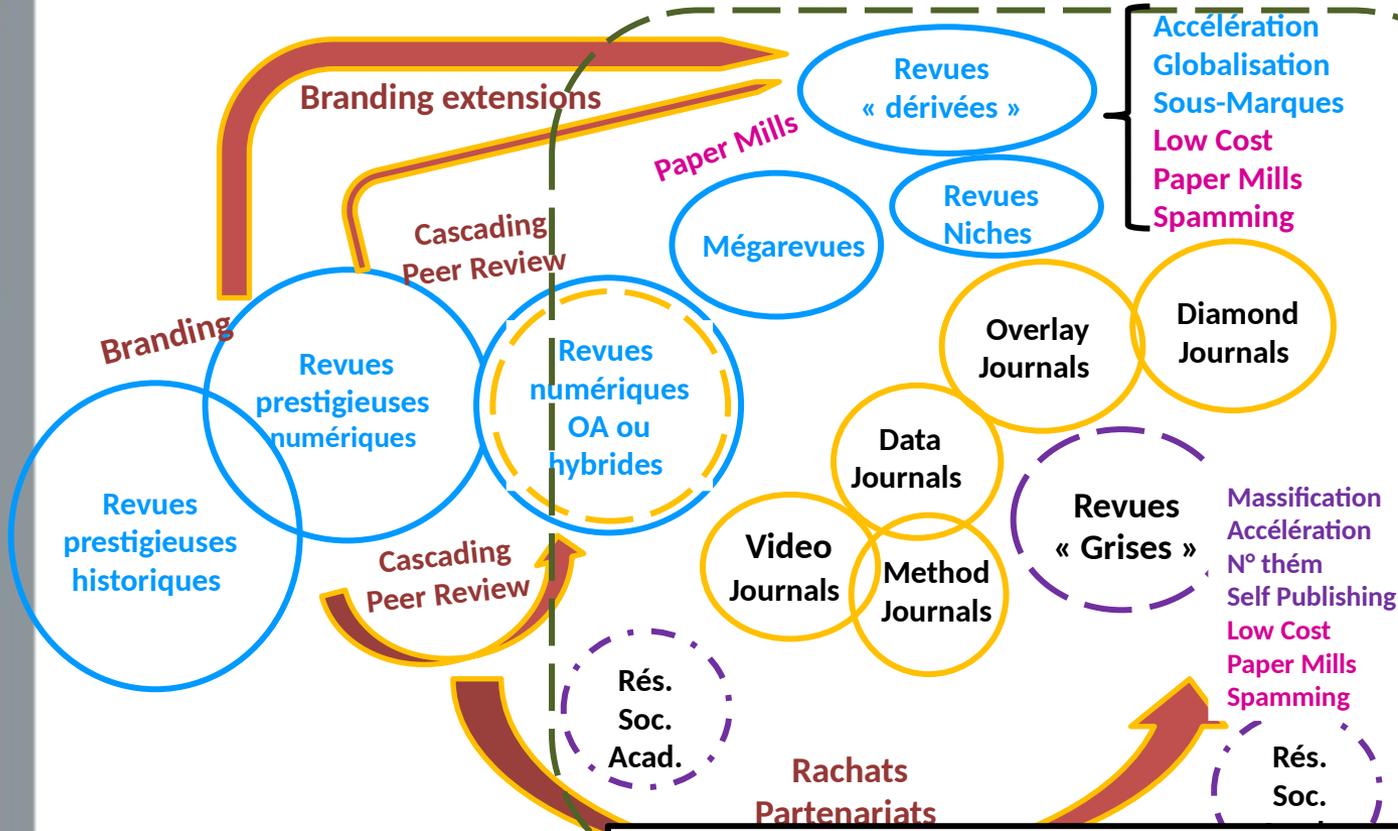
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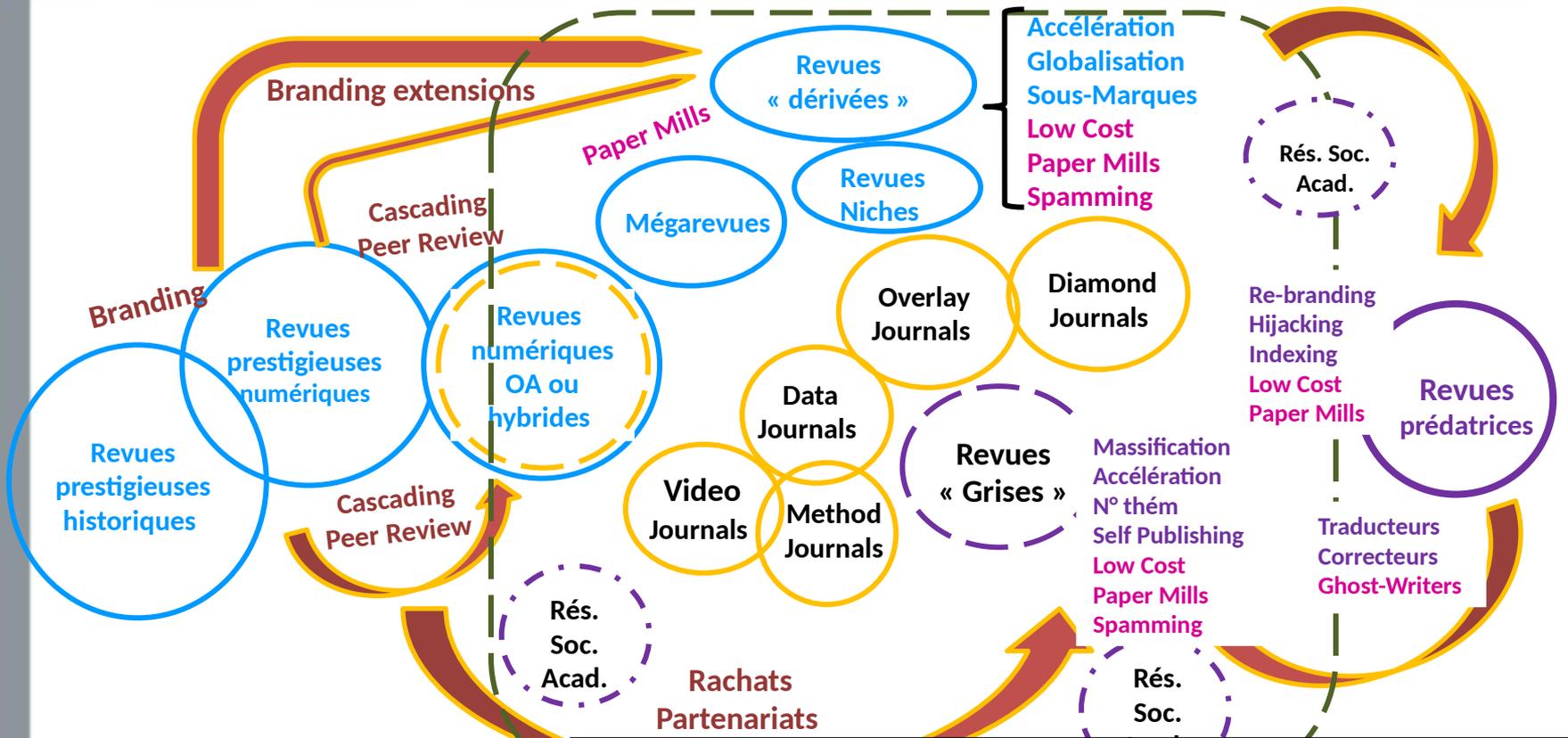
Automatisation



**Never mind predatory publishers...
what about 'grey' publishers?**

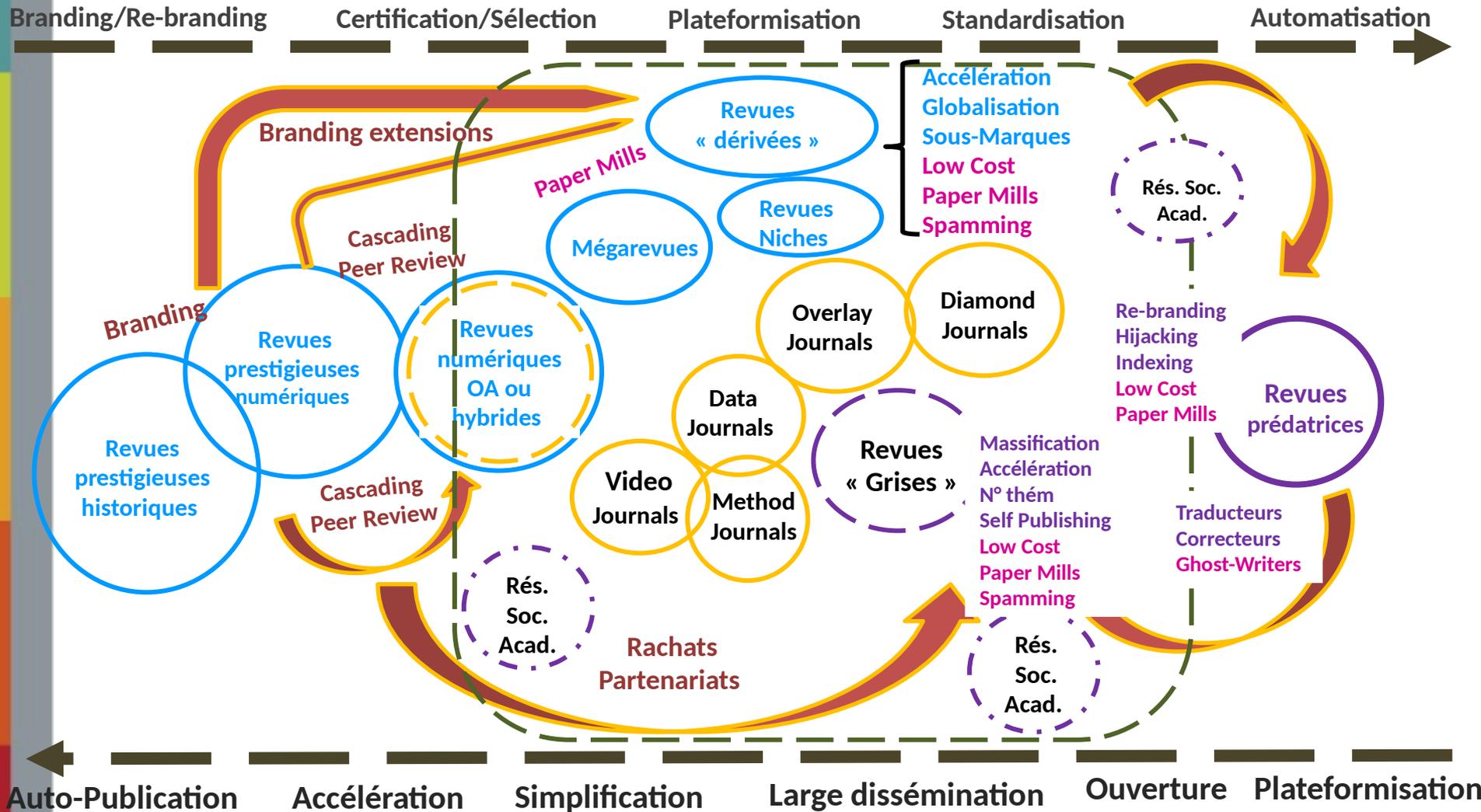
David Nicholas; Eti Herman; Abdullah Abrizah; Blanca Rodríguez-Bravo;
Chérifa Boukacem-Zeghmouri; Anthony Watkinson; Marzena Świgoń; Jie Xu;
Hamid R. Jamali; Carol Tenopir

Branding/Re-branding Certification/Sélection Plateformisation Standardisation Automatisation



Predatory journals entrap unsuspecting scientists. Here's how universities can support researchers

 Training from institutions on publishing norms could help to thwart predatory publishers.



FAUT-IL CONCLURE ?



Matthias Egger

@eggernsf



The joy of publishing #OpenAccess and paying almost 4000\$ for having the article processed.

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The End of Journals

Harlan M. Krumholz

Originally published 1 Nov 2015 |

<https://doi.org/10.1161/CIRCOUTCOMES.115.002415> |

Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes. 2015;8:533–534



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